The international dimension of water management: the example of the World Bank

Water JPI Workshop January 28th, 2021

Raimund Mair, World Bank Water Global Practice





Globally, water is in crisis...



Too much



Too polluted



Too little



... and the pressures and extremes are increasing



Climate change

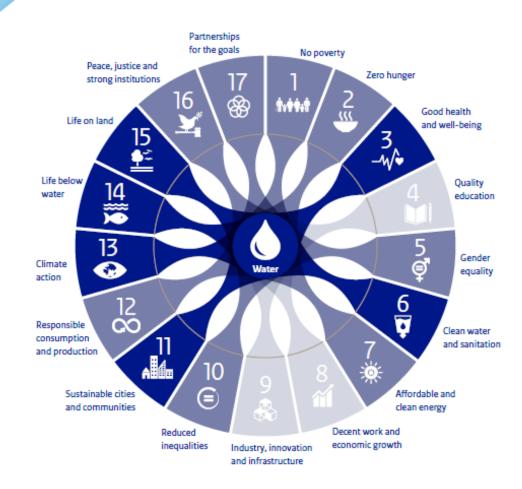
Population growth and urbanization

Consumption patterns and pollution

"Water and climate resilience are two sides of the same coin."



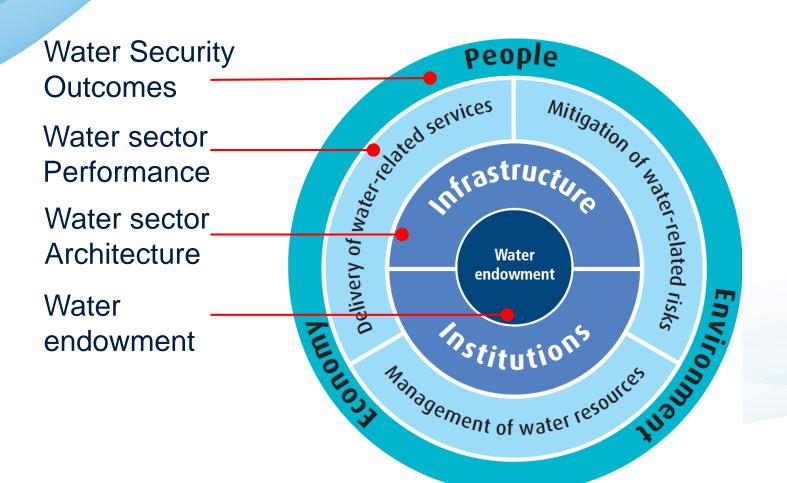
Water: Critical for achieving SDGs and climate commitments







World Bank Water Security Diagnostics Framework



Optimize outcomes for people, economy and environment in the light of global, regional and local changes, including

- Socio-economic development patterns, and
- Climate change

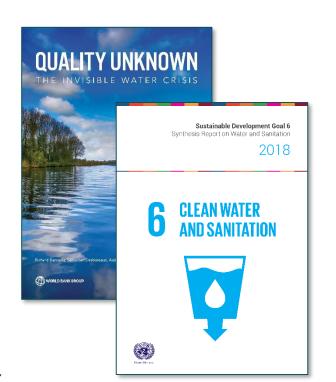




Information (gap)

"The goal is to turn data into information, and information into insight."

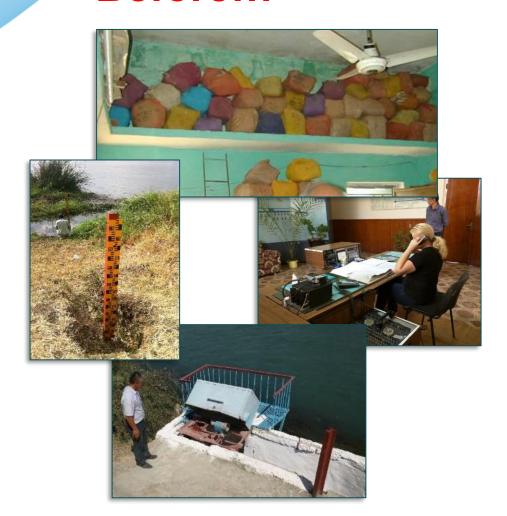
Carly Fiorina, former president and chair of Hewlett-Packard Co



- Deteriorating water quality stalls economic growth, worsens health conditions, reduces food production and exacerbates poverty in many countries
- Lack of clean water limits economic growth up to a third
- Comprehensive reporting on SDG indicators impeded by major data gaps

Data, new technologies, opportunities

Before...



After...



Water Data



- World Bank Water Data
 Portal just launched and further developed
- One-stop shop for all waterrelated open data at the World Bank
- IBNET, SIASAR, GFDRR, OECD, UN, WRI, WWF, EU, GoVs, etc.

https://wbwaterdata.org/

"You can't manage what you don't measure."

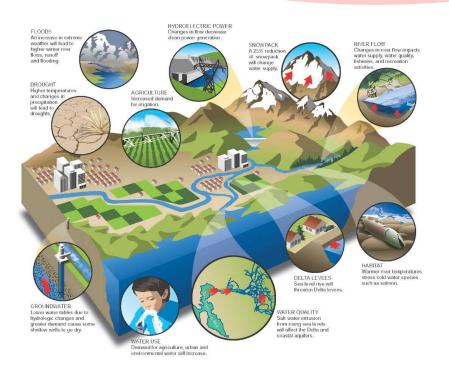
How to create more, more accessible, cheaper and better usable data for management and decision making?

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Institutions / Water governance

"How governments respond to the water crises, maintain their water infrastructure and regulate users can be just as threatening to water security as a drought or flood."

Paul Reig, Senior Manager, WRI



- Need for clear, comprehensive and coherent legal frameworks, policies and regulations
- Strong and well capacitated institutions
- Water: A transboundary issue, cutting accross
 - Sectors (WSS, agriculture, energy, ecosystems, etc.)
 - Administrative borders (within and beyond countries)
- Does the IWRM approach work and deliver?



Institutions / Water governance

Related questions:

- How are effective legal frameworks, policy approaches and regulations designed?
- One size fits all or are there adaptation requirements addressing specific needs and circumstances in different regions?
- What are successful approaches for inter-institutional and transboundary cooperation, including the management of hydroclimatic risks?
- Where does it work? Why? Why not? In which "niches"? And what are the lessons learned?

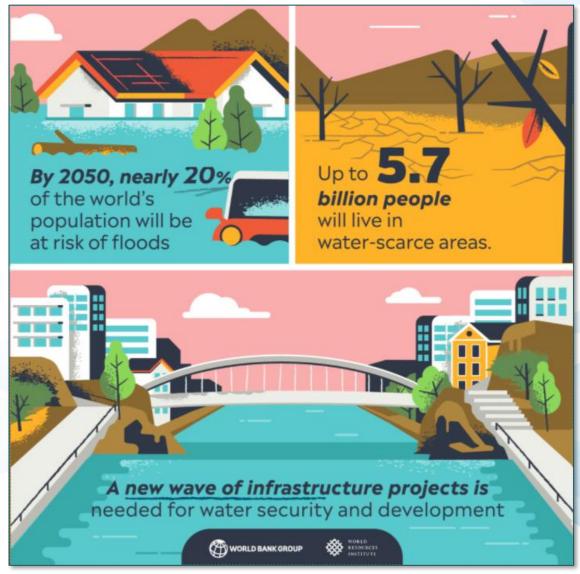
Infrastructure

\$6.7 trillion

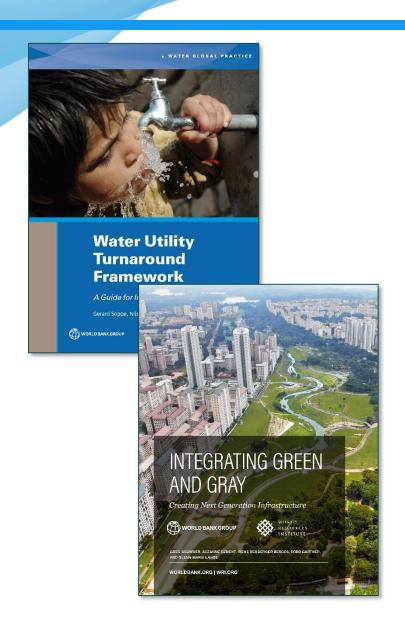
needed for water supply infrastructure by 2030



80% OF WASTEWATER IS RELEASED TO THE ENVIRONMENT WITHOUT TREATMENT (95% IN SOME DEVELOPING COUNTRIES)



(Sustainable) Infrastructure



Examples for initiatives and analytical work:

- Utilities of the Future: How to build universal and resilient water supply and sanitation systems
- Integrating Green and Grey Creating
 Next Generation Infrastructure
- Water Storage Innovative solutions that contribute to increased water security



Key messages

- Water plays central role for achieving SDGs and building climate resilience
- Contribution to green growth and building back better during and after COVID
- 3 l's: Information, Institutions, Infrastructure
- Research and Innovation to tackle global challenges European contribution highly appreciated and needed
- Encouragement to approach and utilize existing global knowledge networks
- Dialogue at level-playing field with partner organizations around the world to tackle global challenges



And finally...

be bold, inspirational and widely relevant to society
be clearly framed: targeted, measurable and time-bound
establish impact-driven but realistic goals
mobilize resources on EU, national and local levels
link activities across different disciplines and different types of research and innovation

make it easier for citizens to understand the value of investments in research and innovation



Thank you!



